

Speckled Mountain Quadrangle, Maine

Surficial materials mapping by
Woodrow B. Thompson
Daniel B. Locke

Digital cartography by:
Michael E. Foley
Susan S. Tolman

Robert G. Marvinney
 State Geologist

Cartographic design and editing by:
Robert D. Tucker
Bennett J. Wilson, Jr.

Funding for the preparation of this map was provided in part by the
 Maine Department of Environmental Protection and the U. S. Geological Survey STATEMAP Program,
 Cooperative Agreement No. 01HQAG0090.



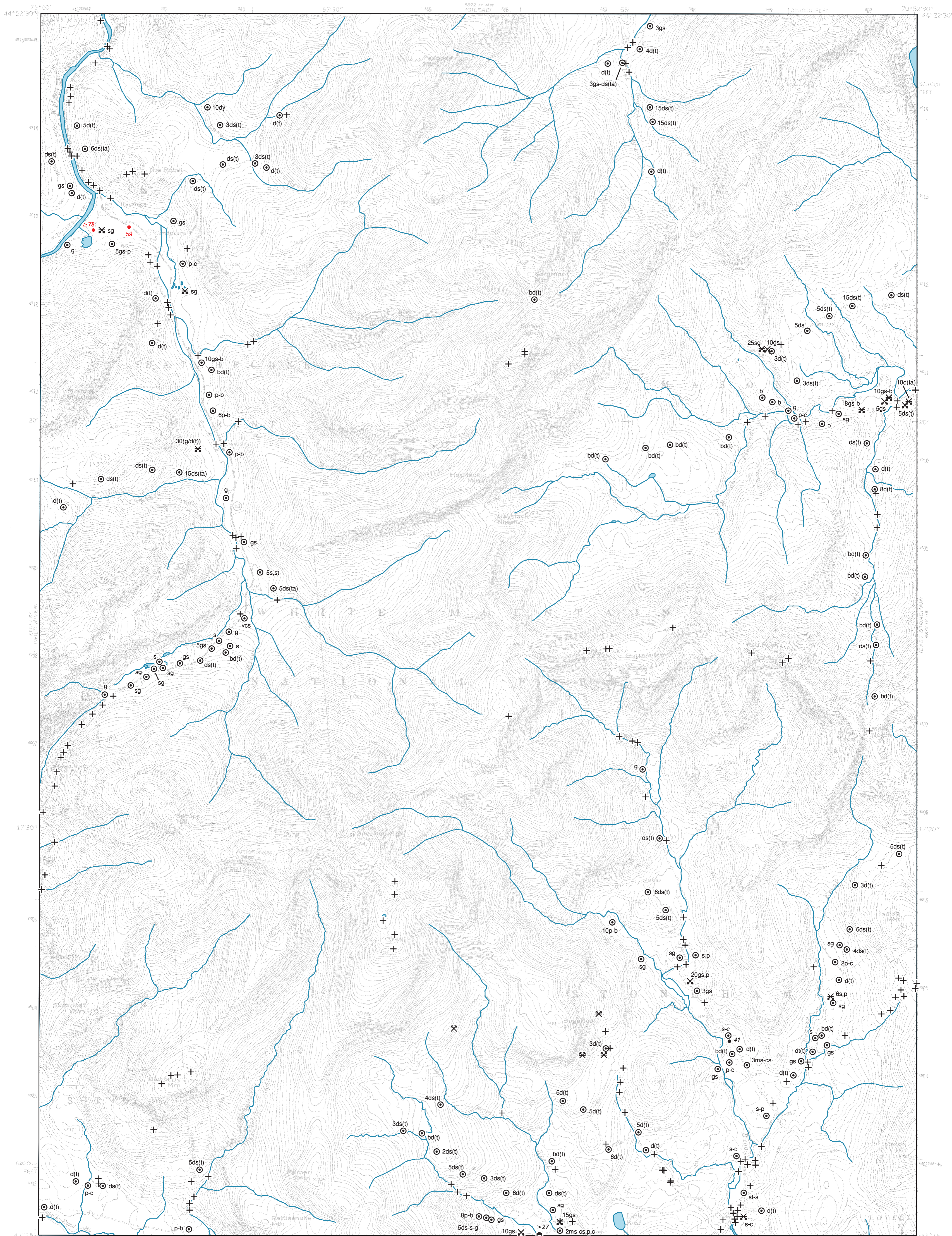
Maine Geological Survey

Address: 22 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333
 Telephone: 207-287-2801 E-mail: mgs@maine.gov
 Home page: http://www.maine.gov/doc/nrimc/nrimc.htm

Open-File No. 02-103

2002

Surficial Materials



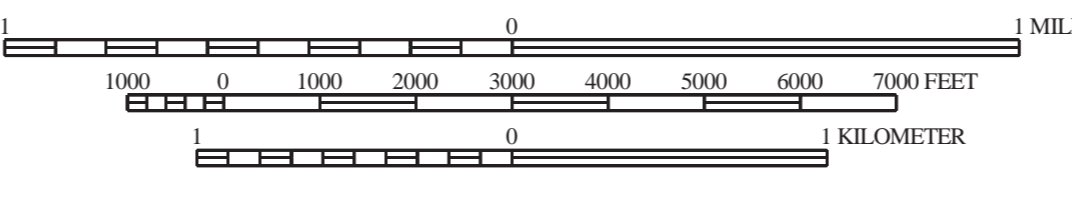
SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Materials mapping by D. B. Locke in 1996 and W. B. Thompson in 2001; funding for this work provided by the Maine Geological Survey, the Maine Dept. of Environmental Protection, and the U.S.G.S. STATEMAP Program. Supplemental materials data were collected by the significant aquifer mapping program during 1996, funded by the Maine Geological Survey and the Maine Dept. of Environmental Protection. Additional materials data sources include, but are not limited to, municipal water company records, U.S.G.S. Basic-Data Reports, Maine Geological Survey bedrock well database and published bedrock geology maps, Maine Dept. of Environmental Protection site files, Maine Dept. of Transportation highway construction records, and the Maine Dept. of Human Services public water-supply well database.



Quadrangle Location

SCALE 1 : 24,000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 FEET



Topographic base from U.S. Geological Survey Speckled Mountain quadrangle, scale 1:24,000 using standard U.S. Geological Survey topographic map symbols.

The use of industry, firm, or local government names on this map is for location purposes only and does not implicate responsibility for any present or potential effects on the natural resources.

This map shows the textures of surficial sediments in the quadrangle, independent of interpretations regarding their origin. For example, poorly sorted sediments deposited directly from glacial ice are shown here as "diamiction," although they may be genetically classified as "till."

The symbols listed below indicate materials observed in borrow pits and other surface exposures, as well as subsurface data from various sources. Where more than one textural class is present, materials are separated by commas and listed in decreasing order of abundance (e.g., s, st, cy). Individual materials may occur in distinct layers, or they may be mixed. Hyphens show the ranges of particle sizes present where their relative abundances are uncertain (e.g., st-c). Slash marks indicate superposition of materials; thicknesses are in feet (e.g., 10s/5cy). "Σ" indicates a significant stratigraphic sequence of interbedded materials. Some borrow pits and other localities may be designated by numbers that refer to descriptions in the quadrangle text. Not all symbols will necessarily be found on the map.

GRAVEL **g** Undifferentiated gravel, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

- b** Boulder gravel >256 mm (10")
- c** Cobble gravel 64-256 mm (2.5-10")
- p** Pebble gravel 2-64 mm (0.1-2.5")

MIXED UNITS **gs** Gravelly sand (this is a special case for sand with lesser amounts of intermixed gravel, i.e. pebbly sand, cobbly sand, or bouldery sand)

sg Sand and gravel (used only to describe slumped face or other site where relative abundances of sand vs. gravel are unknown).

SAND **s** Undifferentiated sand, used as a general term. Can be subdivided by size as follows:

- vcs** Very coarse sand (1-2 mm)
- cs** Coarse sand (0.5-1 mm)
- ms** Medium sand (0.25-0.5 mm)
- fs** Fine sand (0.125-0.25 mm)
- vfs** Very fine sand (0.0625-0.125 mm)

SILT **st** Silt (0.002-0.0625 mm)

CLAY **cy** Clay (<0.002 mm)

DIAMICTION

d Undifferentiated diamiction (poorly-sorted sediment in which particle sizes may range from clay to boulders). Used as a general term or subdivided as follows:

- dg** Gravelly-matrix diamiction
- ds** Sandy-matrix diamiction
- dt** Silty-matrix diamiction
- dy** Clayey-matrix diamiction

Note: Diamictions of glacial origin may be classified as one of the following varieties of till (shown on the map in parentheses):

- t** Till, undifferentiated. Usually of late Wisconsinian age (deposited by the last glacial ice sheet).
- ta** Ablation till. Deposited during retreat of the late Wisconsinian ice sheet. Typically sandy, stony, and not very compact.
- tl** Lodgement till. Inferred to have been deposited at the base of the late Wisconsinian ice sheet. Usually very compact.
- tf** Flowtill. Deposited by slumping adjacent to glacial ice.
- T** Variably weathered till (usually a lodgment facies) of inferred pre-late Wisconsinian age.

ORGANIC MATERIALS

- og** Organic-rich sediment (can be any organic material, including forest litter, wood, shells, etc.)
- pt** Peat (reserved for actual fibrous peat)

OTHER MATERIALS

- af** Artificial fill (e.g. road fills, building sites, dumps)
- bd** Scattered boulders; interpreted as till where followed by (t)
- rk** Bedrock (observed in pit floor, boring, or natural exposure)
- rs** Rottenstone, disintegrated or weathered bedrock, saprolite.
- u** Unknown (material unidentified)
- R** Refusal (in test boring or well)
- (f)** Fossiliferous (used to indicate fossiliferous units within a sequence).

8s-b Materials data from shovel hole, hand-auger hole, natural exposure, or excavation (other than borrow pit).

56 Depth to bedrock from well (Σ is used to indicate minimum depth to bedrock), in feet below land surface

• Bedrock well

⊖ Drilled overburden well

↓ Driven point

◆ 20fs,st Observation well with materials data

◆ 10gs/rk Test boring with materials data

✕ s-b Borrow pit, recently active at time of mapping, with materials data.

✕ s-p Borrow pit, evidently abandoned or in long disuse at time of mapping, with materials data.

✕ Quarry

⊙ Location of site for which a data sheet is on file at the Maine Geological Survey.

• 56 Depth to bedrock from seismic line, in feet below land surface

⊕ Bedrock outcrop

OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION

1. Thompson, W. B., 2002, Surficial geology of the Speckled Mountain quadrangle, Maine: Maine Geological Survey, Open-File Map 02-144.
2. Neil, C. D. (compiler), 2002, Significant sand and gravel aquifers in the Speckled Mountain quadrangle, Maine: Maine Geological Survey, Open-File Map 02-147.
3. Thompson, W. B., 1979, Surficial geology handbook for coastal Maine: Maine Geological Survey, 68 p. (out of print)
4. Thompson, W. B., and Borns, H. W., Jr., 1985, Surficial geologic map of Maine: Maine Geological Survey, scale 1:500,000.