



# PINE TREE DEVELOPMENT ZONE TAX CREDIT WORKSHEET FOR TAX YEAR 2009 36 MRSA § 5219-W

TAXPAYER NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ EIN/SSN: \_\_\_\_\_

**Note:** Owners of pass-through entities (partnerships, LLCs, S corporations, trusts, etc.) making an eligible investment, see instructions. Also, please provide name and ID number of the pass-through entity on the lines below.

NAME OF PASS-THROUGH ENTITY	EIN/SSN
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**Individual taxpayers skip lines 1 through 6 and see Worksheet PTE before completing line 7.**

1. Pine Tree Development Zone qualified property.....1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. All Maine property .....2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Pine Tree Development Zone qualified payroll .....3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. All Maine payroll.....4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Apportionment numerator (line 1 + line 3) .....5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Apportionment denominator (line 2 + line 4).....6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Pine Tree Development Zone apportionment percentage (line 5 ÷ line 6)  
(If individual taxpayer, see instructions) .....7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. Regular income tax (Form 1120ME, line 7a or Form 1040ME, Schedule A, line 20).....8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Maine minimum tax (Form 1120ME, Schedule B, line 28a or Form 1040ME, Schedule A,  
line 3a) .....9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. Pine Tree Development Zone credit against regular tax (line 7 x line 8). Enter here  
and on Form 1120ME, Schedule C, line 29e or Form 1040ME, Schedule A, line 17 .....10. \_\_\_\_\_
11. Pine Tree Development Zone credit against Maine minimum tax (line 7 x line 9).  
Enter here and on Form 1120ME, Schedule B, line 28b or Form 1040ME, Schedule A,  
line 3b ..... 11. \_\_\_\_\_

**2009**  
**PINE TREE DEVELOPMENT ZONE TAX CREDIT**  
**WORKSHEET INSTRUCTIONS**

**Important Changes**

**What's new for 2009?** PL 2009, c.21 and c.461 update the definition section and expand Pine Tree Development Zones (PTDZ) statewide (see MRSA 30-A, Chapter 206, Subchapter 4.)

**Beginning 2010, there are two new statewide PTDZ classifications:**

Tier 1: All areas of the state outside Cumberland and York counties plus high unemployment areas within Cumberland and York counties. To qualify as a Tier 1 location, a municipality in Cumberland or York County must have an unemployment rate that is 15% higher than its labor market unemployment rate. The benefit period is 10 years.

Tier 2: Beginning on and after January 1, 2010, all areas in Cumberland or York counties that are not classified as Tier 1.

For Tier 2 locations, benefits may be limited to 5 years; however, the standard ETIF benefits will continue for up to 10 years (see Title 36, Chapter 917.)

**General Instructions**

**What is the Pine Tree Development Zone income tax credit?** The credit is available to certain businesses that expand or begin operations in Maine. The credit allowed is 100% of the Maine tax liability related to qualified activity for the first five years and 50% of the tax liability for each of the years six through ten. For details about the program, visit: [www.maine.gov/revenue/incomeestate](http://www.maine.gov/revenue/incomeestate).

**Who must complete this worksheet?** Corporate taxpayers claiming a Pine Tree Development Zone (PTDZ) income tax credit must calculate the amount of the credit using this worksheet. Individual taxpayers claiming a PTDZ credit from either a sole proprietorship or a pass-through entity (partnership, S corporation, etc.) must calculate the amount of the credit using this worksheet and Worksheet PTE. This worksheet (and Worksheet PTE, if required) must be attached to the taxpayer's Maine income tax return along with a copy of the Pine Tree Development Zone certificate issued by the Department of Economic and Community Development.

**What does this worksheet do?** This worksheet calculates the Pine Tree Development Zone apportionment percentage for those entities that have qualified and non-qualified business activity. The worksheet also calculates the application of the PTDZ income tax credit for all qualified businesses. Individuals claiming this credit must also complete Worksheet PTE, which apportions the taxpayer's income between business and nonbusiness sources.

For more information about the Pine Tree Development Zone program and the related benefits, see Maine Revenue Services guidance on the Pine Tree Development Zone income tax credit available at: [www.maine.gov/revenue/incomeestate/ptdz.htm](http://www.maine.gov/revenue/incomeestate/ptdz.htm).

**Specific Instructions**

**Note: Individual taxpayers must skip lines 1 through 6 and enter the amount from Worksheet PTE, line 8 on line 7.**

**Line 1.** Enter the value of qualified Pine Tree Development Zone property. Qualified property includes all real and tangible personal property directly associated with the qualified business activity and placed in service in Maine after the entity becomes a certified PTDZ business. Excluded from this amount is the value of property transferred by an affiliated business to a PTDZ business from elsewhere in Maine. Property is valued at cost and rented property is valued at eight times the annual rental rate. Total qualified property is determined by averaging the property owned or rented at the beginning and the end of the tax year.

**Line 2.** Enter the value of all property located in Maine and owned or rented by the entity or by affiliated businesses.

**Line 3.** Enter the compensation paid to new employees engaged in a qualified business activity. Compensation of employees transferred by the business or an affiliated business to a PTDZ business from elsewhere in Maine must be excluded from this line. "New employee" means employees above the baseline, as established for the Department of Economic and Community Development.

**Line 4.** Enter the compensation of all Maine employees of the business, including Maine employees of affiliated businesses.

**Line 7.** Corporate taxpayers enter the result of line 5 divided by line 6. This is the ratio of qualified to nonqualified business activity for the corporation. Individual taxpayers enter the amount from Worksheet PTE, line 8. This is the ratio of qualified business activity to the taxpayer's overall activity, including nonbusiness income. For example, if an individual is claiming a PTDZ credit of 100%, but only 50% of the taxpayer's income is from the business, the taxpayer is only entitled to a credit against the tax liability related to business income, or 50% of the total tax liability for the year.