

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 17 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0017

DEPARTMENT ORDER

Eurovia Atlantic Coast LLC Penobscot County Hermon, Maine A-90-71-N-R/M Departmental
Findings of Fact and Order
Air Emission License
Renewal and Amendment

FINDINGS OF FACT

After review of the air emission license renewal and amendment application, staff investigation reports, and other documents in the applicant's file in the Bureau of Air Quality, pursuant to 38 Maine Revised Statutes (M.R.S.) § 344 and § 590, the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) finds the following facts:

I. REGISTRATION

A. Introduction

Eurovia Atlantic Coast LLC (Eurovia) has applied to renew their Air Emission License for the operation of various portable engines. Eurovia has also requested an amendment to their license in order to remove an asphalt heater.

The main office is located at 953 Odlin Rd, Bangor, Maine.

B. Emission Equipment

The following equipment is addressed in this Air Emission License Renewal and Amendment:

Heating Equipment

Equipment	Max. Capacity (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel Type	Maximum Firing Rate	
AC Heater*	1.33	Distillate fuel	9.5	

^{*} removed from license

Engines

H 14 HD	Max. Capacity	Max. Firing Rate	D 1/D	Date of
Unit ID	(MMBtu/hr)	(gal/hr)	Fuel Type	Manuf.
CAT 3412	3.9	28.5	Distillate fuel	1989
Isuzu 150	1.46	10.6	Distillate fuel	2007
Isuzu 50	0.5	3.7	Distillate fuel	1999
Midland Mixer	0.84	6.1	Distillate fuel	1994

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Eurovia may operate other nonmetallic mineral processing equipment not explicitly listed including grinding mills, screening operations, bucket elevators, belt conveyors, bagging operations, storage bins, and enclosed truck or railcar loading stations. Requirements for this equipment are included in sections of this license for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants.

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Eurovia may operate small stationary engines smaller than 0.5 MMBtu/hr. These engines are considered insignificant activities and are not required to be included in this license. However, they are still subject to applicable State and Federal regulations. More information regarding requirements for small stationary engines is available on the Department's website at the link below.

http://www.maine.gov/dep/air/publications/docs/SmallRICEGuidance.pdf

Additionally, Eurovia may operate <u>portable</u> engines used for maintenance or emergencyonly purposes. These engines are considered insignificant activities and are not required to be included in this license. However, they may still be subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

C. Definitions

Distillate Fuel means the following:

- Fuel oil that complies with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) in ASTM D396;
- Diesel fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined in ASTM D975;
- · Kerosene, as defined in ASTM D3699;
- · Biodiesel, as defined in ASTM D6751; or
- · Biodiesel blends, as defined in ASTM D7467.

<u>Portable or Non-Road Engine</u> means an internal combustion engine which is portable or transportable, meaning designed to be and capable of being carried or moved from one location to another. Indicia of transportability include, but are not limited to, wheels, skids, carrying handles, dolly, trailer, or platform. This definition does NOT include engines which remain or will remain at a location (excluding storage locations) for more than 12 consecutive months or a shorter period of time for an engine located at a seasonal source. <u>A location is any single site</u> at a building, structure, facility, or installation. Any engine that replaces an engine at a location and that is intended to perform the same or similar function as the engine replaced will be included in calculating the consecutive time period.

An engine is <u>not</u> a non-road (portable) engine if it remains or will remain at a location for more than 12 consecutive months or for a shorter period of time if sited at a seasonal source. A seasonal source is a source that remains in a single location for two years or more and which operates for fewer than 12 months in a calendar year. If an engine operates at a

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seasonal source for one entire season, the engine does not meet the criteria of a non-road (portable) engine and is subject to applicable stationary engine requirements.

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<u>Records</u> or <u>Logs</u> mean either hardcopy or electronic records.

D. Application Classification

All rules, regulations, or statutes referenced in this air emission license refer to the amended version in effect as of the date this license was issued.

The application for Eurovia includes both the license renewal for existing equipment and removal of the asphalt heater. Therefore, the license is considered to be a renewal of currently licensed emission units and a minor revision and has been processed through *Major and Minor Source Air Emission License Regulations*, 06 096 Code of Maine Rules (C.M.R.) ch. 115.

E. Facility Classification

With the annual fuel limit on the generators, the facility is licensed as follows:

- As a synthetic minor source of air emissions for criteria pollutants, because Eurovia is subject to license restrictions that keep facility emissions below major source thresholds for NO_x; and
- · As an area source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP), because the licensed emissions are below the major source thresholds for HAP.

II. BEST PRACTICAL TREATMENT

A. Introduction

In order to receive a license, the applicant must control emissions from each unit to a level considered by the Department to represent Best Practical Treatment (BPT), as defined in *Definitions Regulation*, 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 100. Separate control requirement categories exist for new and existing equipment.

BPT for existing emissions equipment means that method which controls or reduces emissions to the lowest possible level considering:

- the existing state of technology:
- the effectiveness of available alternatives for reducing emissions from the source being considered; and
- the economic feasibility for the type of establishment involved.

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B. Engines

CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, and Isuzu 50 are portable generators used to power various equipment. The Midland Mixer is a trailer-mounted portable unit used to power a portable pugmill mixer. CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer have maximum capacities of 3.9 MMBtu/hr (600 kW), 1.46 MMBtu/hr (150 kW), 0.5 MMBtu/hr (50 kW), 0.84 MMBtu/hr (110 HP), respectively. The engines are licensed to fire distillate fuel. CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer were manufactured in 1989, 2007, 2999, and 1994, respectively

The fuel fired in CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer combined shall be limited to 66,000 gallons/year on a calendar year total basis of distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 15 ppm (0.0015% sulfur by weight). This fuel limit shall apply regardless of where the units are operated.

1. BPT Findings

The BPT emission limits for the generators were based on the following:

 $PM/PM_{10}/PM_{2.5} - 0.12 lb/MMBtu from 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 103 (CAT 3412) and$

ch. 115, BPT (Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and Midland Mixer)

SO₂ – Combustion of distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content

not to exceed 15 ppm (0.0015% sulfur by weight)

NO_x – 4.41 lb/MMBtu from AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96 CO – 0.95 lb/MMBtu from AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96 VOC – 0.36 lb/MMBtu from AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96

Visible – 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101

Emissions

The BPT emission limits for the generators are the following:

Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu
CAT 3412	PM	0.12

	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
Unit	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
CAT 3412	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.01	17.20	3.71	1.40
Isuzu 150	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.002	6.44	1.39	0.53
Isuzu 50	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.001	2.21	0.48	0.18
Midland Mixer	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.001	3.70	0.80	0.30

Visible emissions from Isuzu 150 shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis.

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Visible emissions from CAT 3412, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer each shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis except for periods of startup during which time Eurovia shall either meet the normal operating visible emissions standard or the following work practice standards and alternative visible emissions standard.

- a. The duration of the startup shall not exceed 30 minutes per event;
- b. Visible emissions shall not exceed 50% opacity on a six-minute block average basis; and
- c. Eurovia shall keep records of the date, time, and duration of each startup.

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Use of the work practice standards and alternative visible emissions standard in lieu of the normal operating standard is limited to no more than once per day.

Note: This does not limit the engines to one startup per day. It only limits the use of the alternative emission standard to once per day.

2. New Source Performance Standards

CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are <u>not</u> subject to *Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines*, 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII.

The definition in 40 C.F.R. § 1068.30 states that a non-road engine is an internal combustion engine that meets certain criteria, including: "Portable or transportable, meaning designed to be and capable of being carried or moved from one location to another. Indicia of transportability include, but are not limited to, wheels, skids, carrying handles, dolly, trailer, or platform." The regulation further states at 40 C.F.R. § 1068.30 that an engine is <u>not</u> a non-road engine if it remains or will remain at a location for more than 12 consecutive months or for a shorter period of time if sited at a seasonal source. A seasonal source is a source that remains in a single location for two years or more and which operates for fewer than 12 months in a calendar year. If an engine operates at a seasonal source for one entire season, the engine does not meet the criteria of a non-road engine and is subject to applicable stationary engine requirements. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4200]

CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are considered non-road engines, as opposed to stationary engines, since these engines are portable and will be moved to various sites with the asphalt plant.

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3. National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are <u>not</u> subject to *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines*, 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ.

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The definition in 40 C.F.R. § 1068.30 states that a non-road engine is an internal combustion engine that meets certain criteria, including: "Portable or transportable, meaning designed to be and capable of being carried or moved from one location to another. Indicia of transportability include, but are not limited to, wheels, skids, carrying handles, dolly, trailer, or platform." The regulation further states at 40 C.F.R. § 1068.30 that an engine is <u>not</u> a non-road engine if it remains or will remain at a location for more than 12 consecutive months or for a shorter period of time if sited at a seasonal source. A seasonal source is a source that remains in a single location for two years or more and which operates for fewer than 12 months in a calendar year. If an engine operates at a seasonal source for one entire season, the engine does not meet the criteria of a non-road engine and is subject to applicable stationary engine requirements. [40 C.F.R. § 63.6585]

CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are considered non-road engines, as opposed to stationary engines, since these engines are portable and will be moved to various sites with the asphalt plant.

C. General Process Emissions

Visible emissions from any general process that is not part of a nonmetallic mineral processing plant shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis.

D. Fugitive Emissions Including Stock Piles and Roadways

Eurovia shall not cause emissions of any fugitive dust during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation without taking reasonable precautions. Such reasonable precautions shall be included in the facility's continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter. See 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(C) for a list of potential reasonable precautions.

Eurovia shall not cause or allow visible emissions within 20 feet of ground level, measured as any level of opacity and not including water vapor, beyond the legal boundary of the property on which such emissions occur. Compliance with this standard shall be determined pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22.

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E. Annual Emissions

The table below provides an estimate of facility-wide annual emissions for the purposes of calculating the facility's annual air license fee and establishing the facility's potential to emit (PTE). Only licensed equipment is included, i.e., emissions from insignificant activities are excluded. Similarly, unquantifiable fugitive particulate matter emissions are not included except when required by state or federal regulations. Maximum potential emissions were calculated based on firing 66,000 gal/year of distillate fuel in CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer, combined.

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This information does not represent a comprehensive list of license restrictions or permissions. That information is provided in the Order section of this license.

Total Licensed Annual Emissions for the Facility Tons/year

(used to calculate the annual license fee)

	PM	PM_{10}	$PM_{2.5}$	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
Engines	0.5	0.5	0.5		19.9	4.3	1.6
Total TPY	0.5	0.5	0.5		19.9	4.3	1.6

Pollutant	Tons/year
Single HAP	9.9
Total HAP	24.9

III.AMBIENT AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS

The level of ambient air quality impact modeling required for a minor source to demonstrate that Ambient Air Quality Standards (AAQS) will not be exceeded is determined by the Department on a case-by case basis. In accordance with 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, an ambient air quality impact analysis is not required for a minor source if the total licensed annual emissions of any pollutant released do not exceed the following levels and there are no extenuating circumstances:

Pollutant	Tons/Year
PM_{10}	25
$PM_{2.5}$	15
SO_2	50
NO_x	50
CO	250

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The total licensed annual emissions for the facility are below the emission levels contained in the table above and there are no extenuating circumstances; therefore, an ambient air quality impact analysis is not required as part of this license renewal and amendment.

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This determination is based on information provided by the applicant regarding licensed emission units. If the Department determines that any parameter (e.g., stack size, configuration, flow rate, emission rates, nearby structures, etc.) deviates from what was included in the application, the Department may require Eurovia to submit additional information and may require an ambient air quality impact analysis at that time.

ORDER

Based on the above Findings and subject to conditions listed below, the Department concludes that the emissions from this source:

- will receive Best Practical Treatment.
- will not violate applicable emission standards,
- will not violate applicable ambient air quality standards in conjunction with emissions from other sources.

The Department hereby grants Air Emission License Renewal and Amendment A-90-71-N-R/M, subject to the following conditions.

<u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this License Renewal and Amendment or part thereof shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License Renewal and Amendment shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- (1) Employees and authorized representatives of the Department shall be allowed access to the licensee's premises during business hours, or any time during which any emissions units are in operation, and at such other times as the Department deems necessary for the purpose of performing tests, collecting samples, conducting inspections, or examining and copying records relating to emissions (38 M.R.S. § 347-C).
- (2) The licensee shall acquire a new or amended air emission license prior to beginning actual construction of a modification, unless specifically provided for in 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (3) Approval to construct shall become invalid if the source has not commenced construction within eighteen (18) months after receipt of such approval or if construction is discontinued for a period of eighteen (18) months or more. The Department may extend this time period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified, but may condition such extension

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upon a review of either the control technology analysis or the ambient air quality standards analysis, or both. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

(4) The licensee shall establish and maintain a continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation which may result in fugitive dust, and shall submit a description of the program to the Department upon request. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

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- (5) The licensee shall pay the annual air emission license fee to the Department, calculated pursuant to Title 38 M.R.S. § 353-A. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (6) The license does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (7) The licensee shall maintain and operate all emission units and air pollution systems required by the air emission license in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (8) The licensee shall maintain sufficient records to accurately document compliance with emission standards and license conditions and shall maintain such records for a minimum of six (6) years. The records shall be submitted to the Department upon written request. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (9) The licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of the air emission license. The filing of an appeal by the licensee, the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance by the licensee, or the filing of an application by the licensee for a renewal of a license or amendment shall not stay any condition of the license. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (10) The licensee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that the disruption, cessation, or reduction of licensed operations would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the air emission license. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (11) In accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 C.F.R. Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department, the licensee shall:
 - A. Perform stack testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions:
 - 1. Within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of a notification to test from the Department or EPA, if visible emissions, equipment operating parameters, staff inspection, air monitoring, or other cause indicate to the Department that equipment

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may be operating out of compliance with emission standards or license conditions; or

2. Pursuant to any other requirement of this license to perform stack testing.

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- B. Install or make provisions to install test ports that meet the criteria of 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Appendix A, and test platforms, if necessary, and other accommodations necessary to allow emission testing; and
- C. Submit a written report to the Department within thirty (30) days from date of test completion.

[06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

- (12) If the results of a stack test performed under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess of the applicable standards, then:
 - A. Within thirty (30) days following receipt of the written test report by the Department, or another alternative timeframe approved by the Department, the licensee shall re-test the non-complying emission source under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions and in accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 C.F.R. Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department; and
 - B. The days of violation shall be presumed to include the date of stack test and each and every day of operation thereafter until compliance is demonstrated under normal and representative process and operating conditions, except to the extent that the facility can prove to the satisfaction of the Department that there were intervening days during which no violation occurred or that the violation was not continuing in nature; and
 - C. The licensee may, upon the approval of the Department following the successful demonstration of compliance at alternative load conditions, operate under such alternative load conditions on an interim basis prior to a demonstration of compliance under normal and representative process and operating conditions.

[06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

- (13) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the State Implementation Plan approved by the EPA or Section 114(a) of the CAA, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any statute, regulation, or license requirement. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (14) The licensee shall maintain records of malfunctions, failures, downtime, and any other similar change in operation of air pollution control systems or the emissions unit itself that would affect emissions and that is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the air emission license. The licensee shall notify the Department within two (2) days or the next

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state working day, whichever is later, of such occasions where such changes result in an increase of emissions. The licensee shall report all excess emissions in the units of the applicable emission limitation. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

(15) Upon written request from the Department, the licensee shall establish and maintain such records; make such reports; install, use, and maintain such monitoring equipment; sample such emissions in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the Department shall prescribe; and provide other information as the Department may reasonably require to determine the licensee's compliance status. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

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(16) The licensee shall notify the Department within 48 hours and submit a report to the Department on a quarterly basis if a malfunction or breakdown in any component causes a violation of any emission standard (38 M.R.S. § 605). [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

(17) Engines (CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer)

A. Fuel Use

- 1. CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are licensed to fire distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 15 ppm (0.0015% sulfur by weight). Compliance shall be demonstrated by fuel delivery receipts from the supplier, fuel supplier certification, certificate of analysis, or testing of fuel in the tank on-site. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- 2. Total fuel use for CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer combined shall not exceed 66,000 gal/yr of distillate fuel, regardless of where the units are operated. Compliance shall be demonstrated by fuel records from the supplier showing the quantity and type of fuel delivered. Records of annual fuel use shall be kept on a monthly and calendar year basis. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- B. Eurovia shall maintain records which demonstrate that CAT 3412, Isuzu 150, Isuzu 50, and the Midland Mixer are relocated and operated on a basis which maintains their classification as non-road (portable) engines. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- C. Emissions shall not exceed the following:

Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu	Origin and Authority
CAT 3412	PM	0.12	06-096 C.M.R. ch. 103, § (2)(B)(1)(a)

D. Emissions shall not exceed the following [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]:

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	PM	PM_{10}	PM _{2.5}	SO_2	NO _x	CO	VOC
Unit	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
CAT 3412	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.01	17.20	3.71	1.40
Isuzu 150	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.002	6.44	1.39	0.53
Isuzu 50	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.001	2.21	0.48	0.18
Midland Mixer	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.001	3.70	0.80	0.30

E. Visible Emissions

Visible emissions from Isuzu 150 shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(A)(4)]

Visible emissions from CAT 3412, Isuzu 50 and the Midland Mixer shall each not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis except for periods of startup during which time Eurovia shall either meet the normal operating visible emissions standard or the following work practice standards and alternative visible emissions standard.

- 1. The duration of the startup shall not exceed 30 minutes per event;
- 2. Visible emissions shall not exceed 50% opacity on a six-minute block average basis; and
- 3. Eurovia shall keep records of the date, time, and duration of each startup.

Use of the work practice standards and alternative visible emissions standard in lieu of the normal operating standard is limited to no more than once per day.

Note: This does not limit the engines to one startup per day. It only limits the use of the alternative emission standard to once per day.

[06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(A)(4)]

(18) General Process Sources

Visible emissions from any general process that is not part of a nonmetallic mineral processing plant shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(B)(4)]

(19) Fugitive Emissions Including Stockpiles and Roadways

Eurovia shall not cause emissions of any fugitive dust during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation without taking reasonable precautions. Such reasonable precautions shall be included in the facility's continuing program of best management

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practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter. See 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(C) for a list of potential reasonable precautions.

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Eurovia shall not cause or allow visible emissions within 20 feet of ground level, measured as any level of opacity and not including water vapor, beyond the legal boundary of the property on which such emissions occur. Compliance with this standard shall be determined pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Appendix A, Method 22. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 4(C)]

(20) **Equipment Relocation** [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]

A. Eurovia shall notify the Bureau of Air Quality, by a written notification, prior to relocation of any equipment carried on this license. It is preferred for notice of relocation to be submitted through the Department's on-line e-notice at: www.maine.gov/dep/air/compliance/forms/relocation

Written notice may also be sent by mail. Notification sent by mail shall be sent to the address below:

Attn: Relocation Notice Maine DEP Bureau of Air Quality 17 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0017

The notification shall include the license number the equipment is covered under, identification of the equipment moved, the address of the equipment's new location, the date the equipment will be moved.

- B. Written notification shall also be made to the municipality where the equipment will be relocated, except in the case of an unorganized territory where notification shall be made to the respective county commissioners. The notification to the Department shall include the date the municipality was notified.
- (21) Eurovia shall keep a copy of this Order on site, and have the operator(s) be familiar with the terms of this Order. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]

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(22) If the Department determines that any parameter value pertaining to construction and operation of the emissions units, including but not limited to stack size, configuration, flow rate, emission rates, nearby structures, etc., deviates from what was submitted in the application or ambient air quality impact analysis for this air emission license, Eurovia may be required to submit additional information. Upon written request from the Department, Eurovia shall provide information necessary to demonstrate AAQS will not be exceeded, potentially including submission of an ambient air quality impact analysis or an application to amend this air emission license to resolve any deficiencies and ensure compliance with AAQS. Submission of this information is due within 60 days of the Department's written request unless otherwise stated in the Department's letter.

[06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, § 2(O)]

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Done and dated in augusta, maine this 3^{rd} day of JULY, 2024.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

BY:

MELANIE LOYZIM, COMMISSIONER

The term of this license shall be ten (10) years from the signature date above.

[Note: If a renewal application, determined as complete by the Department, is submitted prior to expiration of this license, then pursuant to Title 5 M.R.S. § 10002, all terms and conditions of the license shall remain in effect until the Department takes final action on the license renewal application.]

for

PLEASE NOTE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES

Date of initial receipt of application: May 7, 2024
Date of application acceptance: May 7, 2024

Date filed with the Board of Environmental Protection:

This Order prepared by Kendra Nash, Bureau of Air Quality.

FILED

JUL 03, 2024

State of Maine Board of Environmental Protection